

**AMENDED AND RESTATED BYLAWS
OF
HCA HOLDINGS, INC.
A Delaware Corporation**

**ARTICLE I
OFFICES**

SECTION 1. REGISTERED OFFICE. The registered office of HCA Holdings, Inc. (the “Corporation”) in the State of Delaware shall be located at Corporation Trust Center, 1209 Orange Street, in the city of Wilmington, County of New Castle, 19801. The name of the Corporation’s registered agent at such address shall be The Corporation Trust Company. The registered office and/or registered agent of the Corporation may be changed from time to time by action of the Board of Directors of the Corporation (the “Board of Directors”).

SECTION 2. OTHER OFFICES. The Corporation may also have offices at such other places, both within and without the State of Delaware, as the Board of Directors may from time to time determine or the business of the Corporation may require.

**ARTICLE II
MEETINGS OF STOCKHOLDERS**

SECTION 1. PLACE OF MEETINGS. The Board of Directors may designate any place, either within or without the State of Delaware, as the place of meeting for any annual meeting or for any special meeting.

SECTION 2. ANNUAL MEETING; ELECTION OF DIRECTORS. The annual meeting of stockholders shall be held at such date, time and place, if any, as shall be designated by the Board of Directors and stated in a notice of meeting or in a duly executed waiver thereof. At such annual meeting, the stockholders shall elect the Board of Directors and transact such other business as may properly be brought before the meeting. In uncontested director elections each director is elected by the vote of the majority of the votes cast; provided, however, that if the number of nominees proposed to be elected at that annual meeting of stockholders exceeds the number of directors proposed to be elected at that annual meeting of stockholders, then the persons receiving the greatest number of votes, up to the number of directors proposed to be elected at that annual meeting of stockholders, shall be elected. An uncontested director election means an election in which the number of nominees proposed to be elected at that annual meeting of stockholders is equal to the number of directors proposed to be elected at that annual meeting of stockholders. A majority of the votes cast means that the number of shares voted “for” a director’s election exceeds the number of shares voted “against” that director. Shares voted shall not include a share otherwise present at the meeting but which abstains from voting on a director, or gives no authority or direction. An incumbent nominee not receiving a majority of the votes cast shall tender his or her resignation to the secretary of the Corporation for consideration by the Board of Directors, which resignation shall be contingent upon the acceptance thereof by the Board of Directors. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee of the Board of Directors shall recommend to the Board of Directors the action to be taken with respect to the resignation. The Board of Directors will publicly disclose its decision with respect to the resignation and the rationale behind its decision within 90 days of the certification of the election results. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee in making its recommendation to the Board of Directors and the Board of Directors in making its decision with respect to the resignation may each consider any factors or other information that they consider appropriate and relevant. The director who tenders his or her resignation will not participate in the recommendation of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee of the Board of Directors or

the decision of the Board of Directors with respect to his or her resignation. An incumbent nominee not receiving a majority of the votes cast in an uncontested election shall continue to serve until (i) the director's successor is elected and qualifies or (ii) the Board of Directors accepts the director's resignation. If a director's resignation is accepted by the Board of Directors pursuant to this Section 2, or if a nominee for director is not elected and the nominee is not an incumbent director, then the Board of Directors may fill the resulting vacancy pursuant to the provisions of Section 11 of Article III of these Bylaws or may decrease the size of the Board of Directors pursuant to the Corporation's certificate of incorporation as then in effect (the "Certificate of Incorporation").

SECTION 3. SPECIAL MEETINGS. Special meetings of the stockholders may only be called in the manner provided in the Certificate of Incorporation.

SECTION 4. NOTICE OF MEETINGS. Whenever stockholders are required or permitted to take action at a meeting, notice of each annual and special meeting of stockholders stating the date, time and place, if any, of the meeting, the record date for determining the stockholders entitled to vote at the meeting (if such date is different from the record date for stockholders entitled to notice of the meeting), and, in the case of a special meeting, the purpose or purposes for which the meeting is called, shall be given to each stockholder of record entitled to vote at the meeting as of the record date for determining stockholders entitled to notice of the meeting not less than ten (10) nor more than sixty (60) days before the date of the meeting. Business transacted at any special meeting of stockholders shall be limited to the purpose or purposes stated in the notice. Subject to the requirements of applicable law, notice may be provided by mail, private carrier, facsimile transmission or other form of wire, wireless or other means of electronic transmission. Subject to the requirements of applicable law, notice provided to a stockholder's e-mail address as indicated on the records of the Corporation shall be deemed proper notice for any purpose set forth in these Bylaws. Notice by mail shall be deemed given at the time when the same shall be deposited in the United States mail, postage prepaid. Notice of any meeting shall not be required to be given to any person who attends such meeting, except when such person attends the meeting in person or by proxy for the express purpose of objecting, at the beginning of the meeting, to the transaction of any business because the meeting is not lawfully called or convened, or who, either before or after the meeting, shall submit a signed written waiver of notice, in person or by proxy. Neither the business to be transacted at, nor the purpose of, an annual or special meeting of stockholders need be specified in any waiver of notice.

SECTION 5. LIST OF STOCKHOLDERS. The officer having charge of the stock ledger of the Corporation shall prepare and make, at least ten (10) days before each meeting of stockholders, a complete list of the stockholders entitled to vote at the meeting (provided, however, if the record date for determining the stockholders entitled to vote is less than ten (10) days before the date of the meeting, the list shall reflect the stockholders entitled to vote as of the tenth day before the meeting date), arranged in alphabetical order, showing the address of and the number of shares registered in the name of each stockholder. Such list shall be open to the examination of any stockholder, for any purpose germane to the meeting for a period of at least ten (10) days prior to the meeting: (a) on a reasonably accessible electronic network, provided that the information required to gain access to such list is provided with the notice of the meeting, or (b) during ordinary business hours, at the principle place of business of the Corporation. If the meeting is to be held at a place, the list shall also be produced and kept at the time and place of the meeting during the whole time thereof, and may be inspected by any stockholder who is present.

SECTION 6. QUORUM; ADJOURNMENTS. The holders of a majority of the voting power of the issued and outstanding stock of the Corporation entitled to vote thereat, present in person or represented by proxy, shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at all meetings of stockholders, except as otherwise provided by statute or by the Certificate of Incorporation. If, however,

such quorum shall not be present or represented by proxy at any meeting of stockholders, the chairman of the meeting or the stockholders entitled to vote thereon, present in person or represented by proxy, shall have the power to adjourn the meeting from time to time, without notice other than announcement at the meeting, until a quorum shall be present or represented by proxy. At such adjourned meeting at which a quorum shall be present or represented by proxy, any business may be transacted which might have been transacted at the meeting as originally called. If the adjournment is for more than thirty (30) days a notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given to each stockholder of record entitled to vote at the meeting. If after adjournment a new record date for the determination of stockholders entitled to vote is set, the Board of Directors shall fix as the record date for determining stockholders entitled to notice of such adjourned meeting the same or an earlier date as that fixed for determination of stockholders entitled to vote at the adjourned meeting, and shall give a notice of the adjourned meeting to each stockholder of record as of the record date fixed for notice of the adjourned meeting.

SECTION 7. ORGANIZATION; CONDUCT OF MEETING. At each meeting of stockholders, the chairman of the board, if one shall have been elected, or, in his absence or if one shall not have been elected, the chief executive officer shall act as chairman of the meeting. The secretary or, in his absence or inability to act, the person whom the chairman of the meeting shall appoint secretary of the meeting shall act as secretary of the meeting and keep the minutes thereof. The date and time of the opening and the closing of the polls for each matter upon which the stockholders will vote at a meeting shall be announced at the meeting by the chairman of the meeting. The Board of Directors may adopt by resolution such rules and regulations for the conduct of the meeting of stockholders as it shall deem appropriate. Except to the extent inconsistent with such rules and regulations as adopted by the Board of Directors, the chairman of the meeting shall have the right and authority to convene and (for any or no reason) to recess and/or adjourn the meeting, to prescribe such rules, regulations and procedures and to do all such acts as, in the judgment of such chairman, are appropriate for the proper conduct of the meeting. Such rules, regulations or procedures, whether adopted by the Board of Directors or prescribed by the chairman of the meeting, may include, without limitation, the following: (i) rules and procedures for maintaining order at the meeting and the safety of those present; (ii) limitations on attendance at or participation in the meeting to stockholders entitled to vote at the meeting, their duly authorized and constituted proxies or such other persons as the chairman of the meeting shall determine; (iii) restrictions on entry to the meeting after the time fixed for the commencement thereof; and (iv) limitations on the time allotted to questions or comments by participants. The chairman of the meeting of stockholders, in addition to making any other determinations that may be appropriate to the conduct of the meeting, shall, if the facts warrant, determine and declare to the meeting that a nomination or matter or business was not properly brought before the meeting and if such chairman should determine, such chairman shall so declare to the meeting and any such nomination or matter or business not properly brought before the meeting shall not be transacted or considered. Unless and to the extent determined by the Board of Directors or the chairman of the meeting, meetings of stockholders shall not be required to be held in accordance with the rules of parliamentary procedure.

SECTION 8. ORDER OF BUSINESS. The order of business at all meetings of the stockholders shall be as determined by the chairman of the meeting.

SECTION 9. VOTING. Except as otherwise provided by the Certificate of Incorporation, the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware or the certificate of designation relating to any outstanding class or series of preferred stock, each stockholder of the Corporation shall be entitled at each meeting of stockholders to one vote for each share of capital stock of the Corporation standing in his name on the record of stockholders of the Corporation:

A. on the date fixed pursuant to the provisions of Section 13 of Article II of these Bylaws as the record date for the determination of the stockholders who shall be entitled to vote at such meeting; or

B. if no such record date shall have been so fixed, the record date for determining stockholders entitled to notice of and to vote at a meeting of stockholders shall be the close of business on the day next preceding the day on which notice thereof shall be given, or, if notice is waived, at the close of business on the date next preceding the day on which the meeting is held.

Each stockholder entitled to vote at any meeting of stockholders may authorize another person or persons to act for him by a proxy which is in writing or transmitted as permitted by law, including, without limitation, electronically, via telegram, internet, interactive voice response system, or other means of electronic transmission executed or authorized by such stockholder or his attorney-in-fact, but no proxy shall be voted after three (3) years from its date, unless the proxy provides for a longer period. Any such proxy shall be delivered to the secretary of the meeting at or prior to the time designated in the order of business for so delivering such proxies. Any proxy transmitted electronically shall set forth information from which it can be determined by the secretary of the meeting that such electronic transmission was authorized by the stockholder. When a quorum is present at any meeting, the vote of the holders of a majority of the voting power of the issued and outstanding stock of the Corporation entitled to vote thereon, present in person or represented by proxy, shall decide any question brought before such meeting, unless the question is one upon which by express provision of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware, the rules or regulations of any stock exchange applicable to the Corporation or pursuant to any law or regulation applicable to the Corporation or its securities or of the Certificate of Incorporation or of these Bylaws, a different vote is required, in which case such express provision shall govern and control the decision of such question. Unless required by statute, or determined by the chairman of the meeting to be advisable, the vote on any question need not be by ballot. On a vote by ballot, each ballot shall be signed by the stockholder voting, or by his proxy, if there be such proxy.

SECTION 10. INSPECTORS. The Board of Directors may, and shall if required by law, in advance of any meeting of stockholders, appoint one or more inspectors to act at such meeting or any adjournment thereof. If any of the inspectors so appointed shall fail to appear or act, the chairman of the meeting shall, or if inspectors shall not have been appointed, the chairman of the meeting may, appoint one or more inspectors. Each inspector, before entering upon the discharge of his duties, shall take and sign an oath to faithfully execute the duties of inspector at such meeting with strict impartiality and according to the best of his ability. The inspectors shall determine the number of shares of capital stock of the Corporation outstanding and the voting power of each, the number of shares represented at the meeting, the existence of a quorum, the validity and effect of proxies, and shall receive votes, ballots or consents, hear and determine all challenges and questions arising in connection with the right to vote, count and tabulate all votes, ballots or consents, determine the results, and do such acts as are proper to conduct the election or vote with fairness to all stockholders. On request of the chairman of the meeting, the inspectors shall make a report in writing of any challenge, request or matter determined by them and shall execute a certificate of any fact found by them. In determining the validity and counting of proxies and ballots cast at any meeting of stockholders of the Corporation, the inspectors may consider such information as is permitted by applicable law. No director or candidate for the office of director shall act as an inspector of an election of directors. Inspectors need not be stockholders.

SECTION 11. PROPOSALS AND NOMINATIONS FOR MEETINGS OF STOCKHOLDERS.

A. At an annual meeting of the stockholders, only such nominations of persons for election to the Board of Directors and other business shall be conducted as shall have been properly brought before the meeting. To be properly brought before an annual meeting, nominations and other business must be:

- i. brought before the meeting by the Corporation and specified in the notice of meeting (or any supplement thereto) given by or at the direction of the Board of Directors or an authorized committee thereof,
- ii. brought before the meeting by or at the direction of the Board of Directors or an authorized committee thereof, or
- iii. otherwise properly brought before the meeting by a stockholder who:
 - (a) was a stockholder of record (and, with respect to any beneficial owner, if different, on whose behalf such nominations of persons for election to the Board of Directors or other business is proposed, only if such beneficial owner was the beneficial owner of shares of the Corporation) both at the time of giving the notice provided for in this Section 11 and at the time of the meeting,
 - (b) is entitled to vote at the meeting, and
 - (c) has complied with this Section 11 as to such business.

Except for proposals properly made in accordance with Rule 14a-8 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations thereunder (as so amended and inclusive of such rules and regulations, the “Exchange Act”), the foregoing clause (iii) shall be the exclusive means for a stockholder to propose business to be brought before an annual meeting of the stockholders or to make any nomination of a person or persons for election to the Board of Directors at an annual meeting of the stockholders. The only matters that may be brought before a special meeting of the stockholders are the matters specified in the notice of meeting given by or at the direction of the person calling the meeting pursuant to Section 4.

B. For business to be properly brought before an annual meeting by a stockholder, or for a stockholder to make any nomination of a person or persons for election to the Board of Directors at an annual meeting or a special meeting of the stockholders properly called for the election of directors pursuant to Section 3, the stockholder must provide timely written notice in proper form to the Corporation (the “Stockholder Notice”) and provide any updates or supplements to such Stockholder Notice at the times and in the forms required by this Section 11. This Section 11 shall constitute an “advance notice provision” for purposes of Rule 14a-4(c)(1) under the Exchange Act.

C. To be timely, the Stockholder Notice must be delivered to, or mailed and received at, the principal executive offices of the Corporation, addressed to the secretary of the Corporation:

- i. in the case of an annual meeting, no earlier than 120 days and no later than 90 days prior to the first anniversary of the date of the preceding year’s annual meeting; provided, however, that if (A) the annual meeting is advanced by more than 30 days, or delayed by more than 60 days, from the first anniversary of the preceding year’s annual meeting, or (B) no annual meeting was held during the preceding year, to be timely the Stockholder Notice must be received no earlier than 120 days before such annual meeting and no later than the later of 90 days before such annual meeting or the tenth day after the day on which Public Disclosure of the date of such meeting is first made; and

- ii. in the case of a nomination of a person or persons for election to the Board of Directors at a special meeting of the stockholders called for the purpose of electing directors, no earlier than 120 days before such special meeting and no later than the later of 90 days before such annual or special meeting or the tenth day after the day on which Public Disclosure of the date of such meeting is first made.

In no event shall an adjournment, postponement or deferral, or Public Disclosure of an adjournment, postponement or deferral, of a meeting of the stockholders commence a new time period (or extend any time period) for the giving of the Stockholder Notice.

D. To be in proper form, the Stockholder Notice must:

- i. set forth the name and address of the stockholder giving the Stockholder Notice (and any beneficial owner, if different, on whose behalf such Stockholder Notice is submitted) (the stockholder giving the Stockholder Notice, or, if the Stockholder Notice is submitted on behalf of a beneficial owner, such beneficial owner, is referred to herein as the “Proponent”) as they appear on the Corporation’s books and the name and address of any Stockholder Associated Person(s) for which disclosure is required by clause (ii) below,
- ii. set forth the following information:
 - (a) the class and number of shares of capital stock of the Corporation that are owned beneficially (within the meaning of Rule 13d-3 under the Exchange Act) and of record by the Proponent and any Stockholder Associated Person,
 - (b) the date such shares were acquired,
 - (c) a description in reasonable detail of any option, warrant, convertible security, stock appreciation right or similar right directly or indirectly owned by the Proponent or any Stockholder Associated Person with an exercise or conversion privilege or a settlement payment or mechanism at a price related to shares of any class or series of stock of the Corporation, or with a value derived in whole or in part from the price, value or volatility of shares of any class or series of stock of the Corporation, whether or not such instrument or right shall convey any voting rights in such shares, be subject to settlement in the underlying class or series of stock of the Corporation or be subject to other transactions that hedge or mitigate the economic effect of such transactions, or any other direct or indirect opportunity to profit from any increase or decrease in the value of shares of any class or series of stock of the Corporation (“Derivative Interests”),
 - (d) a description in reasonable detail of any proxy, contract, arrangement, understanding or other relationship pursuant to which the Proponent or any Stockholder Associated Person has a right to vote any shares of any class or series of stock of the Corporation (other than a revocable proxy or consent given in response to a solicitation made pursuant to, and in

accordance with, Section 14(a) of the Exchange Act by way of a solicitation statement filed on Schedule 14A),

- (e) any agreement, arrangement, understanding or relationship, including any repurchase or so-called “stock borrowing” agreement or arrangement, engaged in directly or indirectly by the Proponent or any Stockholder Associated Person, the purpose or effect of which is to mitigate loss to, reduce the economic risk (of ownership or otherwise) of shares of any class or series of the Corporation by, manage the risk of share price changes for, or increase or decrease the voting power of, such Proponent or Stockholder Associated Person with respect to the shares of any class or series of stock of the Corporation, or which provides, directly or indirectly, the opportunity to profit from any decrease in the price or value of the shares of any class or series of stock of the Corporation (“Short Interests”),
- (f) any rights to dividends on the shares of any class or series of stock of the Corporation owned beneficially by the Proponent or any Stockholder Associated Person that are separated or separable from the underlying shares of stock of the Corporation,
- (g) any performance-related fees (other than an asset-based fee) that the Proponent or any Stockholder Associated Person is entitled to based on any increase or decrease in the value of shares of any class or series of the stock of the Corporation or any Derivative Interest or Short Interest;
- (h) any arrangements, rights or other interests described in Section 11(D)(ii)(c)-(g) above held by members of the Proponent’s or any Stockholder Associated Person’s immediate family sharing the same household;
- (i) a representation that the Proponent intends to appear in person or by proxy at the meeting to nominate the person(s) named or propose the business specified in the Stockholder Notice and whether or not the Proponent intends to deliver a proxy statement and/or form of proxy to holders of at least the percentage of the Corporation’s outstanding shares of capital stock required to approve the nomination(s) or the business proposed and/or otherwise to solicit proxies or votes from stockholders in support of the nomination(s) or other business proposed;
- (j) a certification regarding whether or not the Proponent and Stockholder Associated Person(s) have complied with all applicable federal, state and other legal requirements in connection with the Proponent’s and/or Stockholder Associated Persons’ acquisition of shares of capital stock or other securities of the Corporation and/or the Proponent’s and/or Stockholder Associated Persons’ acts or omissions as a stockholder of the Corporation,
- (k) any other information relating to the Proponent that would be required to be disclosed in a proxy statement or other filings required to be made in connection with solicitations of proxies for, as applicable, the proposal

and/or for the election of directors in a contested election pursuant to Section 14 of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations thereunder, and

- (l) any other information as reasonably requested by the Corporation (the disclosures to be made pursuant to the foregoing causes (a) through (k) are referred to as “Disclosable Interests”; provided, however, that Disclosable Interests shall not include any such disclosures with respect to the ordinary course business activities of any broker, dealer, commercial bank, trust company or other nominee who is a Proponent solely as a result of being the stockholder directed to prepare and submit the Stockholder Notice on behalf of a beneficial owner).

Such information shall be provided as of the date of the Stockholder Notice and shall be supplemented by the Proponent not later than 10 days after the record date for the determination of stockholders entitled to notice of the meeting to disclose information as of the record date.

- iii. if the Stockholder Notice relates to any business that the Proponent proposes to bring before the meeting other than a nomination of a person or persons for election to the Board of Directors, it must set forth:
 - (a) a brief description of the business that the Proponent proposes to bring before the meeting, the text of the proposal (including the text of any resolutions proposed for consideration and, if such business includes a proposal to amend the Certificate of Incorporation or Bylaws, the language of the proposed amendment) and the reasons for conducting such business at the meeting;
 - (b) any material interest in such business of the Proponent or any Stockholder Associated Person; and
 - (c) a reasonably detailed description of all agreements, arrangements and understandings between the Proponent or any Stockholder Associated Person and any other person (including their names) in connection with the proposed business.
- iv. set forth, as to each person, if any, whom the Proponent proposes to nominate for election or reelection to the Board of Directors:
 - (a) all information relating to the nominee (including, without limitation, the nominee’s name, age, business and residence address and principal occupation or employment and the class or series and number of shares of capital stock of the Corporation that are owned beneficially or of record by the nominee) that would be required to be disclosed in a proxy statement or other filings required to be made in connection with solicitations of proxies for an election of directors in a contested election pursuant to Section 14 of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations thereunder (including such person’s written consent to being named in the proxy statement as a nominee and to serving as a director if elected),

- (b) a description of any agreements, arrangements and understandings between or among the Proponent or any Stockholder Associated Person, on the one hand, and any other persons (including any Stockholder Associated Person), on the other hand, in connection with the nomination of such person for election as a director, and
 - (c) a description of all direct and indirect compensation and other material monetary agreements, arrangements, and understandings during the past three years, and any other material relationships, between or among the Proponent or any Stockholder Associated Person, on the one hand, and each proposed nominee, and his or her respective affiliates and associates, on the other hand, including, without limitation, all information that would be required to be disclosed pursuant to Item 404 of Regulation S-K if the Proponent making the nomination or on whose behalf the nomination is made, if any, or any Stockholder Associated Person, were the “registrant” for purposes of Item 404 and the nominee were a director or executive officer of such registrant.
- v. include a completed and signed questionnaire with respect to each nominee for election or reelection to the Board of Directors, in the form to be provided by the secretary of the Corporation upon request, setting forth the information described in clause (E) below. The Corporation may require any proposed nominee to furnish such other information as may reasonably be required by the Corporation to determine the eligibility of the proposed nominee to serve as an independent director of the Corporation or that could be material to a reasonable stockholder’s understanding of the independence, or lack thereof, of the nominee.

E. For a nominee of a stockholder to be eligible to be a nominee for election or reelection as a director of the Corporation, a person must complete and deliver (in accordance with the time periods prescribed for delivery of a Stockholder Notice under this Section 11) to the secretary at the principal executive offices of the Corporation a written questionnaire providing the information requested about the background and qualifications of such person and the background of any other person or entity on whose behalf the nomination is being made and a written representation and agreement (the questionnaire, representation, and agreement to be in the form provided by the secretary upon written request) that such person:

- i. is not and will not become a party to:
 - (a) any agreement, arrangement or understanding with, and has not given any commitment or assurance to, any person or entity as to how the person, if elected as a director of the Corporation, will act or vote on any issue or question (a “Voting Commitment”) that has not been disclosed to the Corporation, or
 - (b) any Voting Commitment that could limit or interfere with the person’s ability to comply, if elected as a director of the Corporation, with the person’s fiduciary duties under applicable law,
- ii. is not and will not become a party to any agreement, arrangement or understanding with any person or entity other than the Corporation with respect to any direct or indirect compensation, reimbursement, or indemnification in

connection with service or action as a director that has not been disclosed therein, and

- iii. in the person's individual capacity and on behalf of any person or entity on whose behalf the nomination is being made, would be in compliance, if elected as a director of the Corporation, and will comply with all applicable publicly disclosed corporate governance, conflict of interest, confidentiality, and stock ownership and trading policies and guidelines of the Corporation.

F. Only such persons who are nominated in accordance with the procedures set forth in this Section 11 shall be eligible to serve as directors. Only such business shall be conducted at a meeting of the stockholders as shall have been brought before the meeting in accordance with the procedures set forth in this Section 11. The chairman of the meeting shall determine whether any nominee or business proposed to be transacted by the stockholders has been properly brought before the meeting and, if any nominee or proposed business has not been properly brought before the meeting, the chairman shall declare that such nominee shall not be considered for election or such proposed business shall not be presented for stockholder action at the meeting. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Section 11, unless otherwise required by law, if the stockholder does not provide the supplemental information required regarding both the stockholder and any Stockholder Associated Persons under Section 11(D)(ii) or if the stockholder (or a qualified representative of the stockholder) does not appear at the annual meeting to present the nominee or proper business described in the Stockholder Notice, such nominee shall not be presented for election or such business shall not be transacted, notwithstanding that proxies in respect of such election or such business may have been received by the Corporation. For purposes of this Section 11, to be considered a qualified representative of the stockholder, a person must be a duly authorized officer, manager or partner of such stockholder or must be authorized by a writing executed by such stockholder or an electronic transmission delivered by such stockholder to act for such stockholder as a proxy at the meeting and such person must produce such writing or electronic transmission, or a reliable reproduction of the writing or electronic transmission, at the meeting.

G. As referred to herein, "Public Disclosure" shall mean disclosure in a press release reported by the Dow Jones News Service, Associated Press or a comparable national news service or the filing of information with the Securities and Exchange Commission via the EDGAR filing system.

H. As referred to herein, "Stockholder Associated Person" of any stockholder means (i) any person controlling, directly or indirectly, or acting in concert with, such stockholder, (ii) any beneficial owner of shares of any class or series of stock of the Corporation owned of record or beneficially by such stockholder and (iii) any person controlling, controlled by or under common control with such Stockholder Associated Person.

I. The foregoing notice requirements of this Section 11 shall be deemed satisfied by a stockholder with respect to business other than a nomination if the stockholder has notified the Corporation of his, her or its intention to present a proposal at an annual meeting in compliance with applicable rules and regulations promulgated under the Exchange Act and such stockholder's proposal has been included in a proxy statement that has been prepared by the Corporation to solicit proxies for such annual meeting.

J. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Section 11, for as long as the Stockholders' Agreement dated as of March 9, 2011 among the Corporation, Hercules Holding II, LLC and affiliates of the Equity Sponsors (as defined below) (as may be amended, supplemented or modified from time to time, the "Stockholders' Agreement") remains in effect, no Investor Group (as defined in the Stockholders' Agreement) that has the right to nominate a person to be elected to the Board of Directors

pursuant to the Stockholders' Agreement shall be subject to the procedures of this Section 11 to nominate any such person to be elected to the Board of Directors.

SECTION 12. ACTION BY WRITTEN CONSENT. Prior to the Trigger Date, any action required or permitted to be taken at any annual or special meeting of stockholders of the Corporation may be taken without a meeting, without prior notice and without a vote, if a consent or consents in writing, setting forth the action so taken, shall be signed by the holders of outstanding stock having not less than the minimum number of votes that would be necessary to authorize or take such action at a meeting at which all shares entitled to vote thereon were present and voted and shall be delivered to the Corporation by delivery to its registered office in the State of Delaware, its principal place of business, or an officer or agent of the Corporation having custody of the books in which proceedings of meetings of the stockholders are recorded. On or following the Trigger Date, any action required or permitted to be taken at any annual or special meeting of the stockholders of the Corporation may be taken only upon the vote of the stockholders at an annual or special meeting duly called and may not be taken by written consent of the stockholders. For purposes of these Bylaws, (i) "Trigger Date" shall mean the first date on which Hercules Holding II, LLC (or its successor) ceases, or in the event of a liquidation of, or distribution of shares of common stock of the corporation by, Hercules Holding II, LLC, the Equity Sponsors (as defined below) and their affiliates (other than the Corporation and its subsidiaries), collectively, cease, to beneficially own (directly or indirectly) shares representing a majority of the issued and outstanding shares of common stock of the Corporation (it being understood that the retention of either direct or indirect beneficial ownership of a majority of the issued and outstanding shares of common stock by Hercules Holding II, LLC (or its successor) or the Equity Sponsors and their affiliates (other than the Corporation and its subsidiaries), as applicable, shall mean that the Trigger Date has not occurred) and (ii) "the Equity Sponsors" shall mean each of Bain Capital Partners, Kohlberg Kravis Roberts & Co., Merrill Lynch Global Private Equity, Citigroup Inc., Bank of America Corporation, and Dr. Thomas F. Frist, Jr. and their respective affiliates, subsidiaries, successors and assignees (other than the Corporation and its subsidiaries).

Delivery made to the Corporation's registered office shall be by hand or by certified or registered mail, return receipt requested. Every written consent shall bear the date of signature of each stockholder who signs the consent and no written consent shall be effective to take the corporate action referred to therein unless, within sixty (60) days of the earliest dated consent delivered in the manner required by this Section 12 to the Corporation, written consents signed by a sufficient number of holders to take action are delivered to the Corporation by delivery to its registered office in the State of Delaware, its principal place of business, or an officer or agent of the Corporation having custody of the books in which proceedings of meetings of the stockholders are recorded. A telegram, cablegram or other electronic transmission consenting to an action to be taken and transmitted by a stockholder or proxyholder, or by a person or persons authorized to act for a stockholder or proxyholder, shall be deemed to be written, signed and dated for the purposes of this Section 12 and Section 13, provided that any such telegram, cablegram or other electronic transmission sets forth or is delivered with information from which the Corporation can determine (i) that the telegram, cablegram or other electronic transmission was transmitted by the stockholder or proxyholder or by a person or persons authorized to act for the stockholder or proxyholder and (ii) the date on which such stockholder or proxyholder or authorized person or persons transmitted such telegram, cablegram or electronic transmission. The date on which such telegram, cablegram or electronic transmission is transmitted shall be deemed to be the date on which such consent was signed. No consent given by telegram, cablegram or other electronic transmission shall be deemed to have been delivered until such consent is reproduced in paper form and until such paper form shall be delivered to the Corporation by delivery to its registered office in the State of Delaware, its principal place of business or an officer or agent of the Corporation having custody of the book in which proceedings of meetings of the stockholders are recorded. Delivery made to the Corporation's registered office shall be made by hand or by certified or registered mail, return receipt

requested. Any copy, facsimile or other reliable reproduction of a consent in writing may be substituted or used in lieu of the original writing for any and all purposes for which the original writing could be used, provided that such copy, facsimile or other reproduction shall be a complete reproduction of the entire original writing. Prompt notice of the taking of the corporate action without a meeting by less than unanimous written consent shall be given to those stockholders who have not consented in writing and who, if the action had been taken at a meeting, would have been entitled to notice of the meeting if the record date for such meeting had been the date that written consents signed by a sufficient number of holders to take the action were delivered to the Corporation as provided above in this Section 12.

SECTION 13. FIXING A RECORD DATE. In order that the Corporation may determine the stockholders entitled to notice of any meeting of stockholders or any adjournment thereof, the Board of Directors may fix a record date, which record date shall not precede the date upon which the resolution fixing the record date is adopted by the Board of Directors, and which record date shall, unless otherwise required by law, not be more than sixty (60) nor less than ten (10) days before the date of such meeting. If the Board of Directors so fixes a date, such date shall also be the record date for determining the stockholders entitled to vote at such meeting unless the Board of Directors determines, at the time it fixes such record date, that a later date on or before the date of the meeting shall be the date for making such determination. If no record date is fixed by the Board of Directors, the record date for determining stockholders entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of stockholders shall be at the close of business on the day next preceding the day on which notice is given, or, if notice is waived, at the close of business on the day next preceding the day on which the meeting is held. A determination of stockholders of record entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of stockholders shall apply to any adjournment of the meeting; provided, however, that the Board of Directors may fix a new record date for determination of stockholders entitled to vote at the adjourned meeting, and in such case shall also fix as the record date for stockholders entitled to notice of such adjourned meeting the same or an earlier date as that fixed for determination of stockholders entitled to vote in accordance herewith at the adjourned meeting.

In order that the Corporation may determine the stockholders entitled to consent to corporate action in writing without a meeting, the Board of Directors may fix a record date, which record date shall not precede the date upon which the resolution fixing the record date is adopted by the Board of Directors, and which date shall not be more than ten (10) days after the date upon which the resolution fixing the record date is adopted by the Board of Directors. Any stockholder of record seeking to have the stockholders authorize or take corporate action by written consent shall, by written notice to the secretary, request the Board of Directors to fix a record date. Such notice shall specify the action proposed to be consented to by stockholders. The Board of Directors shall promptly, but in all events within ten (10) days after the date on which such a request is received, adopt a resolution fixing the record date. If no record date has been fixed by the Board of Directors within ten (10) days after the date on which such a request is received, the record date for determining stockholders entitled to consent to corporate action in writing without a meeting, when no prior action by the Board of Directors is required by applicable law, shall be the first date on which a signed written consent setting forth the action taken or proposed to be taken is delivered to the Corporation. Such delivery to the Corporation shall be made to its registered office in the State of Delaware, its principal place of business, or any officer or agent of the Corporation having custody of the books in which proceedings of meetings of stockholders are recorded, to the attention of the secretary of the Corporation. Such delivery shall be by hand or by certified or registered mail, return receipt requested. If no record date has been fixed by the Board of Directors and prior action by the Board of Directors is required by applicable law, the record date for determining stockholders entitled to consent to corporate action in writing without a meeting shall be the close of business on the date on which the Board of Directors adopts the resolution taking such prior action.

In the event of delivery to the Corporation of a written consent or written consents purporting to authorize or take corporate action, and/or related revocation or revocations (each such written consent

and related revocation, individually and collectively, a “Consent”), the secretary of the Corporation shall provide for the safekeeping of such Consent and shall as soon as practicable thereafter conduct such reasonable investigation as the secretary deems necessary or appropriate for the purpose of ascertaining the validity of such Consent and all matters incident thereto, including, without limitation, whether holders of shares having the requisite voting power to authorize or take the action specified in the Consent have given consent. If after such investigation the secretary shall determine that the Consent is sufficient and valid, that fact shall be certified on the records of the Corporation kept for the purpose of recording the proceedings of meetings of the stockholders, and the Consent shall be filed in such records, at which time the Consent shall become effective as stockholder action.

In order that the Corporation may determine the stockholders entitled to receive payment of any dividend or other distribution or allotment of any rights, or entitled to exercise any rights in respect of any change, conversion or exchange of stock or for the purpose of any other lawful action, the Board of Directors may fix a record date, which shall not be more than sixty (60) days prior to such other action. If no such record date is fixed, the record date for determining stockholders for any such purpose shall be at the close of business on the day on which the Board of Directors adopts the resolution relating thereto.

ARTICLE III **DIRECTORS**

SECTION 1. GENERAL POWERS. The business and affairs of the Corporation shall be managed by or under the direction of the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors may exercise all such authority and powers of the Corporation and do all such lawful acts and things as are not by the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware or the Certificate of Incorporation directed or required to be exercised or done by the stockholders.

SECTION 2. ANNUAL MEETINGS. Unless the Board of Directors shall otherwise provide, the annual meeting of the Board of Directors shall be held without other notice than this Bylaw immediately after, and at the same place, if any, as, the annual meeting of stockholders.

SECTION 3. REGULAR MEETINGS AND SPECIAL MEETINGS. Regular meetings of the Board of Directors, other than the annual meeting, may be held without notice at such time and at such place, if any, as shall from time to time be determined by resolution of the Board of Directors. Special meetings of the Board of Directors may be called by the chairman of the board, the chief executive officer (if the chief executive officer is a director) or upon the written request of at least a majority of the directors then in office.

SECTION 4. NOTICE OF MEETINGS. Notice of regular meetings of the Board of Directors need not be given except as otherwise required by law or these Bylaws. Notice of each special meeting of the Board of Directors, and of each regular and annual meeting of the Board of Directors for which notice shall be required, shall be given by the secretary as hereinafter provided in this Section 4, in which notice shall be stated the date, time and place, if any, of the meeting. Except as otherwise required by these Bylaws, such notice need not state the purposes of such meeting. Notice of any special meeting, and of any regular or annual meeting for which notice is required, shall be given to each director at least (a) twenty four (24) hours before the meeting if by telephone or by being personally delivered or sent by telex, telecopy, email or other means of electronic transmission or (b) five (5) days before the meeting if delivered by mail to the director’s residence or usual place of business. Such notice shall be deemed to be delivered when deposited in the United States mail so addressed, with postage prepaid, or when transmitted if sent by telex, telecopy, email or other means of electronic transmission. Neither the business to be transacted at, nor the purpose of, any special meeting of the Board of Directors need be specified in the notice or waiver of notice of such meeting. Any director may waive notice of any meeting

by a written waiver signed by the director entitled to the notice or a waiver by electronic transmission by the director entitled to the notice.

SECTION 5. WAIVER OF NOTICE AND PRESUMPTION OF ASSENT. Any member of the Board of Directors or any committee thereof who is present at a meeting shall be conclusively presumed to have waived notice of such meeting except when such member attends for the express purpose of objecting at the beginning of the meeting to the transaction of any business because the meeting is not lawfully called or convened. Such member shall be conclusively presumed to have assented to any action taken unless his or her dissent shall be entered in the minutes of the meeting or unless his or her written dissent to such action shall be filed with the person acting as the secretary of the meeting before the adjournment thereof or shall be forwarded by registered mail to the secretary of the Corporation immediately after the adjournment of the meeting. Such right to dissent shall not apply to any member who voted in favor of such action.

SECTION 6. CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD, QUORUM, REQUIRED VOTE AND ADJOURNMENT. The Board of Directors shall elect, by the affirmative vote of a majority of the total number of directors then in office, a chairman of the board, who shall preside at all meetings of the stockholders and Board of Directors at which he or she is present and shall have such powers and perform such duties as the Board of Directors may from time to time prescribe. If the chairman of the board is not present at a meeting of the stockholders or the Board of Directors, the chief executive officer (if the chief executive officer is a director and is not also the chairman of the board) shall preside at such meeting, and, if the chief executive officer is not present at such meeting or is not a director, a majority of the directors present at such meeting shall elect one (1) of their members to so preside. A majority of the total number of directors then in office shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. Unless by express provision of an applicable law, the Certificate of Incorporation or these Bylaws a different vote is required, the vote of a majority of directors present at a meeting at which a quorum is present shall be the act of the Board of Directors. If a quorum shall not be present at any meeting of the Board of Directors, a majority of the directors present thereat may adjourn the meeting from time to time, without notice other than announcement at the meeting, until a quorum shall be present.

SECTION 7. COMMITTEES. The Board of Directors (i) may, by resolution passed by the Board of Directors, designate one or more committees, including an executive committee, consisting of one or more of the directors of the Corporation, and (ii) shall during such period of time as any securities of the Corporation are listed on the New York Stock Exchange (the "NYSE"), by resolution passed by the Board of Directors, designate all committees required by the rules and regulations of the NYSE. The Board of Directors may designate one or more directors as alternate members of any committee, who may replace any absent or disqualified member at any meeting of the committee. Except to the extent restricted by applicable law or the Certificate of Incorporation, each such committee, to the extent provided in the resolution creating it, shall have and may exercise all the powers and authority of the Board of Directors. Each such committee shall serve at the pleasure of the Board of Directors as may be determined from time to time by resolution adopted by the Board of Directors or as required by the rules and regulations of the NYSE, if applicable. Each committee shall keep regular minutes of its meetings and report the same to the Board of Directors upon request.

SECTION 8. COMMITTEE RULES. Each committee of the Board of Directors may fix its own rules of procedure and shall hold its meetings as provided by such rules, except as may otherwise be provided by a resolution of the Board of Directors designating such committee. Unless otherwise provided in such a resolution, the presence of at least a majority of the members of the committee shall be necessary to constitute a quorum. Unless otherwise provided in such a resolution, in the event that a member and that member's alternate, if alternates are designated by the Board of Directors, of such committee is or are absent or disqualified, the member or members thereof present at any meeting and not

disqualified from voting, whether or not such member or members constitute a quorum, may unanimously appoint another member of the Board of Directors to act at the meeting in place of any such absent or disqualified member.

SECTION 9. COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT. Members of the Board of Directors or any committee thereof may participate in and act at any meeting of such board or committee through the use of a conference telephone or other communications equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can hear and speak with each other, and participation in the meeting pursuant to this Section 9 shall constitute presence in person at the meeting.

SECTION 10. ACTION BY WRITTEN CONSENT. Unless otherwise restricted by the Certificate of Incorporation, any action required or permitted to be taken at any meeting of the Board of Directors, or of any committee thereof, may be taken without a meeting if all members of such board or committee, as the case may be, consent thereto in accordance with applicable law, and the writing or other evidence (including electronic transmission) of such consent is filed with the minutes of proceedings of the Board of Directors or committee, as applicable.

SECTION 11. RESIGNATIONS; NEWLY CREATED DIRECTORSHIPS; VACANCIES; AND REMOVALS. Any director of the Corporation may resign at any time by giving notice in writing or by electronic transmission of his resignation to the Corporation. Except as contemplated by Section 2 of Article II, any such resignation shall take effect at the time specified therein or, if the time when it shall become effective shall not be specified therein, immediately upon its receipt. Unless otherwise specified therein or as contemplated by Section 2 of Article II, the acceptance of such resignation shall not be necessary to make it effective. Newly created directorships resulting from any increase in the number of directors or any vacancies in the Board of Directors resulting from death, resignation, retirement, disqualification, removal or any other cause shall be filled as provided in the Certificate of Incorporation. Any director may be removed as provided in the Certificate of Incorporation.

SECTION 12. COMPENSATION. The Board of Directors shall have the authority to fix the compensation, including fees and reimbursement of expenses, of directors for services to the Corporation in any capacity.

SECTION 13. RELIANCE ON BOOKS AND RECORDS. A member of the Board of Directors, or a member of any committee designated by the Board of Directors shall, in the performance of such person's duties, be fully protected in relying in good faith upon records of the Corporation and upon such information, opinions, reports or statements presented to the Corporation by any of the Corporation's officers or employees, or committees of the Board of Directors, or by any other person as to matters the member reasonably believes are within such other person's professional or expert competence and who has been selected with reasonable care by or on behalf of the Corporation.

ARTICLE IV

OFFICERS

SECTION 1. NUMBER. The officers of the Corporation shall be elected by the Board of Directors and may include the chairman of the board, the chief executive officer, the president, the chief financial officer, the chief operating officer, one or more group officers (including group presidents and group financial officers), one more vice presidents (including senior vice presidents, executive vice presidents or other classifications of vice presidents), the secretary and treasurer, and such other officers and assistant officers as may be deemed necessary or desirable by the Board of Directors. Any number of offices may be held by the same person, except that neither the chief executive officer nor the president shall also hold the office of secretary.

SECTION 2. ELECTION AND TERM OF OFFICE. The officers of the Corporation shall be elected annually by the Board of Directors. Vacancies may be filled or new offices created and filled at any meeting of the Board of Directors. Each officer shall hold office until a successor is duly elected and qualified or until his or her earlier death, resignation or removal as hereinafter provided.

SECTION 3. RESIGNATIONS. Any officer of the Corporation may resign at any time by giving written notice of his or her resignation to the Corporation. Any such resignation shall take effect at the time specified therein or, if the time when it shall become effective shall not be specified therein, immediately upon receipt by the Corporation. Unless otherwise specified therein, the acceptance of any such resignation shall not be necessary to make it effective.

SECTION 4. REMOVAL. Any officer or agent elected by the Board of Directors may be removed by the Board of Directors at its discretion, but such removal shall be without prejudice to the contract rights, if any, of the person so removed.

SECTION 5. VACANCIES. Any vacancy occurring in any office because of death, resignation, removal, disqualification or otherwise may be filled by the Board of Directors. In its discretion, the Board of Directors may choose not to fill any office for any period as it may deem advisable, except that the offices of chief executive officer and secretary shall be filled as expeditiously as possible.

SECTION 6. COMPENSATION. Compensation of all executive officers shall be approved by the Board of Directors, and no officer shall be prevented from receiving such compensation by virtue of his or her also being a director of the Corporation; PROVIDED HOWEVER, that compensation of some or all executive officers may be determined by a committee established for that purpose if so authorized by the Board of Directors or as required by applicable law or regulation, including any exchange or market upon which the Corporation's securities are then listed for trading or quotation.

SECTION 7. CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER. The chief executive officer, subject to the Board of Directors, shall have general executive charge, management, and control of the properties and operations of the Corporation in the ordinary course of its business, with all such powers with respect to such properties and operations as may be reasonably incident to such responsibilities. If the Board of Directors has not elected a chairman or in the absence or inability to act of the chairman of the board, the chief executive officer shall exercise all of the powers and discharge all of the duties of the chairman of the board, but only if the chief executive officer is a director of the Corporation.

SECTION 8. PRESIDENT. The president shall have the general powers and duties of supervision and management usually vested in the office of the president of a corporation and shall perform such other duties as the Board of Directors, the chairman of the board or the chief executive officer may, from time to time, prescribe. At the request of the chief executive officer or in his or her absence or in the event of his or her inability or refusal to act, the president shall perform the duties of the chief executive officer.

SECTION 9. CHIEF OPERATING OFFICER. The chief operating officer shall have the general powers and duties of supervision and management usually vested in the office of the chief operating officer of a corporation and shall perform such other duties as the Board of Directors, the chairman of the board or the chief executive officer may, from time to time, prescribe.

SECTION 10. GROUP OFFICERS. Each group officer shall perform all such duties as from time to time may be assigned to him or her by the Board of Directors, the chairman of the board, the chief executive officer or the president.

SECTION 11. VICE-PRESIDENTS. Each vice president shall perform all such duties as from time to time may be assigned to him or her by the Board of Directors, the chairman of the board, the chief executive officer or the president.

SECTION 12. SECRETARY AND ASSISTANT SECRETARIES. The secretary shall attend all meetings of the Board of Directors (other than executive sessions thereof) and all meetings of the stockholders and record all the proceedings of the meetings in a book or books to be kept for that purpose or shall ensure that his or her designee attends each such meeting to act in such capacity. Under the chairman of the board's supervision, the secretary shall give, or cause to be given, all notices required to be given by these Bylaws or by law; shall have such powers and perform such duties as the Board of Directors, the chairman of the board, the chief executive officer, the president or these Bylaws may, from time to time, prescribe; and shall have custody of the corporate seal of the Corporation. The secretary, or an assistant secretary, shall have authority to affix the corporate seal to any instrument requiring it and when so affixed, it may be attested by his or her signature or by the signature of such assistant secretary. The Board of Directors may give general authority to any other officer to affix the seal of the Corporation and to attest the affixing by his or her signature. The assistant secretary, or if there be more than one, any of the assistant secretaries, shall in the absence or disability of the secretary, perform the duties and exercise the powers of the secretary and shall perform such other duties and have such other powers as the Board of Directors, the chairman of the board, the chief executive officer, the president or secretary may, from time to time, prescribe.

SECTION 13. CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER. The chief financial officer shall have the custody of the corporate funds and securities; shall keep full and accurate all books and accounts of the Corporation as shall be necessary or desirable in accordance with applicable law or generally accepted accounting principles; shall deposit all monies and other valuable effects in the name and to the credit of the Corporation as may be ordered by the chairman of the board or the Board of Directors; shall cause the funds of the Corporation to be disbursed when such disbursements have been duly authorized, taking proper vouchers for such disbursements; and shall render to the Board of Directors, at its regular meeting or when the Board of Directors so requires, an account of the financial condition of the Corporation; shall have such powers and perform such duties incident to the position of chief financial officer as the Board of Directors, the chairman of the board, the chief executive officer, the president or these Bylaws may, from time to time, prescribe. The chief financial officer may also be the treasurer if so determined by the Board of Directors.

SECTION 14. OTHER OFFICERS, ASSISTANT OFFICERS AND AGENTS. Officers, assistant officers and agents, if any, other than those whose duties are provided for in these Bylaws, shall have such authority and perform such duties as may from time to time be assigned to him or her by the Board of Directors, the chairman of the board, the chief executive officer, the president or a vice president.

SECTION 15. OFFICERS' BONDS OR OTHER SECURITY. If required by the Board of Directors, any officer of the Corporation shall give a bond or other security for the faithful performance of his or her duties, in such amount and with such surety as the Board of Directors may require.

SECTION 16. ABSENCE OR DISABILITY OF OFFICERS. In the case of the absence or disability of any officer of the Corporation and of any person hereby authorized to act in such officer's place during such officer's absence or disability, the Board of Directors may by resolution delegate the powers and duties of such officer to any other officer or to any director, or to any other person selected by it.

ARTICLE V
CERTIFICATES OF STOCK

SECTION 1. SHARES WITH OR WITHOUT CERTIFICATES. The Board of Directors may authorize that some or all of the shares of any or all of the Corporation's classes or series of stock be evidenced by a certificate or certificates of stock. The Board of Directors may also authorize the issue of some or all of the shares of any or all of the Corporation's classes or series of stock without certificates. The rights and obligations of stockholders with the same class and/or series of stock shall be identical whether or not their shares are represented by certificates.

SECTION 2. SHARES WITH CERTIFICATES. If the Board of Directors chooses to issue shares of stock evidenced by a certificate or certificates, each individual certificate shall include the following on its face: (i) the Corporation's name, (ii) the fact that the Corporation is organized under the laws of the State of Delaware, (iii) the name of the person to whom the certificate is issued, (iv) the number of shares represented thereby, (v) the class of shares and the designation of the series, if any, which the certificate represents, and (vi) such other information as applicable law may require or as may be lawful.

If the Corporation is authorized to issue different classes of shares or different series within a class, the designations, relative rights, preferences and limitations determined for each series (and the authority of the Board of Directors to determine variations for future series) may be summarized on the front or back of each certificate. Alternatively, each certificate may state on its front or back that the Corporation will furnish the stockholder this information in writing, without charge, upon request.

Each certificate of stock issued by the Corporation shall be signed (either manually or in facsimile) by the chairperson or vice-chairperson of the Board of Directors, or the president or vice-president, and by the treasurer or an assistant treasurer, or the secretary or an assistant secretary of the Corporation. If the person who signed a certificate no longer holds office when the certificate is issued, the certificate is nonetheless valid.

SECTION 3. SHARES WITHOUT CERTIFICATES. If the Board of Directors chooses to issue shares of stock without certificates, the Corporation, if required by the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware, shall, within a reasonable time after the issue or transfer of shares without certificates, send the stockholder a written statement of the information required on certificates by Article V, Section 2 of these Bylaws and any other information required by the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware. The Corporation may adopt a system of issuance, recordation and transfer of its shares of stock by electronic or other means not involving the issuance of certificates, provided the use of such system by the Corporation is permitted in accordance with applicable law.

SECTION 4. SUBSCRIPTIONS FOR SHARES. Subscriptions for shares of the Corporation shall be valid only if they are in writing. Unless the subscription agreement provides otherwise, subscriptions for shares, regardless of the time when they are made, shall be paid in full at such time, or in such installments and at such periods, as shall be determined by the Board of Directors. All calls for payment on subscriptions shall be uniform as to all shares of the same class or of the same series, unless the subscription agreement specifies otherwise.

SECTION 5. TRANSFERS. Transfers of shares of the capital stock of the Corporation shall be made only on the books of the Corporation by (i) the holder of record thereof, (ii) by his or her legal representative, who, upon request of the Corporation, shall furnish proper evidence of authority to transfer, or (iii) his or her attorney, authorized by a power of attorney duly executed and filed with the secretary of the Corporation or a duly appointed transfer agent. Such transfers shall be made only upon

surrender, if applicable, of the certificate or certificates for such shares properly endorsed and with all taxes thereon paid. Shares of capital stock of the Corporation that are not represented by a certificate shall be transferred in accordance with applicable law.

SECTION 6. LOST, DESTROYED OR STOLEN CERTIFICATES. In case of loss, mutilation or destruction of a certificate of stock, a duplicate certificate may be issued upon the terms prescribed by the Board of Directors, including provision for indemnification of the Corporation secured by a bond or other security sufficient to protect the Corporation against any claim that may be made against it, including any expense or liability, on account of the alleged loss, theft or destruction of the certificate or the issuance of the replacement certificate.

ARTICLE VI

GENERAL PROVISIONS

SECTION 1. DIVIDENDS. Dividends upon the capital stock of the Corporation, subject to the provisions of the Certificate of Incorporation, if any, may be declared by the Board of Directors at any regular or special meeting, in accordance with applicable law. Dividends may be paid in cash, in property or in shares of the capital stock, subject to the provisions of applicable law and the Certificate of Incorporation. Before payment of any dividend, there may be set aside out of any funds of the Corporation available for dividends such sum or sums as the directors from time to time, in their absolute discretion, think proper as a reserve or reserves to meet contingencies, or for equalizing dividends, or for repairing or maintaining any property of the Corporation, or any other purpose and the directors may modify or abolish any such reserve in the manner in which it was created.

SECTION 2. CHECKS, NOTES, DRAFTS, ETC. All checks, notes, drafts or other orders for the payment of money of the Corporation shall be signed, endorsed or accepted in the name of the Corporation by such officer, officers, person or persons as from time to time may be designated by the Board of Directors or by an officer or officers authorized by the Board of Directors to make such designation.

SECTION 3. CONTRACTS. In addition to the powers otherwise granted to officers pursuant to Article IV hereof, the Board of Directors may authorize any officer or officers, or any agent or agents, of the Corporation to enter into any contract or to execute and deliver any instrument in the name of and on behalf of the Corporation, and such authority may be general or confined to specific instances.

SECTION 4. LOANS. Subject to compliance with applicable law (including the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, as amended), the Corporation may lend money to, or guarantee any obligation of, or otherwise assist any officer or other employee of the Corporation or of its subsidiaries, including any officer or employee who is a director of the Corporation or its subsidiaries, whenever, in the judgment of the directors, such loan, guaranty or assistance may reasonably be expected to benefit the Corporation. The loan, guaranty or other assistance may be with or without interest, and may be unsecured, or secured in such manner as the Board of Directors shall approve, including, without limitation, a pledge of shares of stock of the Corporation. Nothing in this Section 4 shall be deemed to deny, limit or restrict the powers of guaranty or warranty of the Corporation at common law or under any statute.

SECTION 5. FISCAL YEAR. The fiscal year of the Corporation shall end on December 31 of each fiscal year and may hereafter be changed by resolution of the Board of Directors.

SECTION 6. CORPORATE SEAL. The seal of the Corporation shall be in such form as shall be approved by the Board of Directors. The seal may be used by causing it or a facsimile thereof to be

impressed or affixed or reproduced or otherwise. Notwithstanding the foregoing, no seal shall be required by virtue of this Section 6.

SECTION 7. VOTING SECURITIES OWNED BY CORPORATION. Voting securities in any other entity held by the Corporation shall be voted by the chief executive officer, the president or a vice-president, unless the Board of Directors specifically confers authority to vote with respect thereto, which authority may be general or confined to specific instances, upon some other person or officer. Any person authorized to vote securities shall have the power to appoint proxies, with general power of substitution.

SECTION 8. INSPECTION OF BOOKS AND RECORDS. The Board of Directors shall have power from time to time to determine to what extent and at what times and places and under what conditions and regulations the accounts and books of the Corporation, or any of them, shall be open to the inspection of the stockholders; and no stockholder shall have any right to inspect any account or book or document of the Corporation, except as conferred by the laws of the State of Delaware, unless and until authorized so to do by resolution of the Board of Directors or of the stockholders of the Corporation.

SECTION 9. SECTION HEADINGS. Section headings in these Bylaws are for convenience of reference only and shall not be given any substantive effect in limiting or otherwise construing any provision herein.

SECTION 10. INCONSISTENT PROVISIONS. In the event that any provision of these Bylaws is or becomes inconsistent with any provision of the Certificate of Incorporation, the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware or any other applicable law, the provision of these Bylaws shall not be given any effect to the extent of such inconsistency but shall otherwise be given full force and effect.

ARTICLE VII **AMENDMENTS**

In furtherance and not in limitation of the powers conferred by statute, the Board of Directors of the Corporation is expressly authorized to make, alter, amend, change, add to or repeal these Bylaws by the affirmative vote of a majority of the total number of directors then in office. Prior to the Trigger Date, any amendment, alteration or repeal of these Bylaws by the stockholders of the Corporation shall require the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of the Corporation entitled to vote on such amendment, alteration or repeal. On or following the Trigger Date, any amendment, alteration or repeal of these Bylaws by the stockholders of the Corporation shall require the affirmative vote of the holders of at least seventy-five (75%) of the outstanding shares of the Corporation, voting together as a class, entitled to vote on such amendment, alteration or repeal.

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Amended and Restated as of February 16, 2016.